

Anorexia nervosa

Nr.	Nursing Diagnosis	Date	Nursing Intervention/s and tasks	Sign.
	<p>Imbalanced nutrition: Insufficient</p> <p>Related factors: Decreased appetit self-induced vomiting</p> <p>Symptoms / Risk factors: Lack of interest in food Loss of weight with adequate food intake Dehydration Excessive loss of hair</p> <p>Outcome / Goal: Patient will maintain balanced intake and output Verbalize understanding of nutritional needs</p>		<p>Nutrition Management Assess overall nutritional status and history Consult a dietitian Assess current timing and content of meals. Administer enteral or parenteral feedings, as indicated</p> <p>Weight Gain Assistance Use a consistent approach and Sit with client while eating Promote pleasant environment and record intake Make selective menu available and client to control choices Maintain a regular weighing schedule Avoid giving laxatives.</p>	
	<p>Risk for deficient fluid volume</p> <p>Related factors: Fasting Vomiting Inadequate intake of food and liquids</p> <p>Symptoms / Risk factors: Knowledge deficiency related to fluid volume Deviations affecting access, intake, or absorption of fluids Oliguria Medication (e.g., diuretics)</p> <p>Outcome / Goal: Patient will maintain balanced fluid intake and output</p>		<p>Fluid Management Monitor vital signs Explain reasons for therapy and it inteded effects to patient and family members Encourage fluid intake by offering fluids regularly Discuss strategies to stop vomiting and laxative/diuretic use. Monitor total fluid intake (and output) every 8 hours</p>	
	<p>Disturbed thought processes</p> <p>Related factors: Psychological conflicts</p> <p>Symptoms / Risk factors: Inappropriate nonreality based thinking Cognitive dissonance</p> <p>Outcome / Goal: Demonstrate behaviors to change/prevent malnutrition</p>		<p>Reality Orientation Be aware of client's distorted thinking ability Adhere strictly to nutritional regimen Monitor electrolyte lab tests</p>	
	<p>Disturbed body image</p> <p>Related factors: Cognitive/perceptual Preceived body image changes</p> <p>Symptoms / Risk factors: Negative feelings about body (e.g., feelings of helplessness Fear of rejection or of reaction by others</p> <p>Outcome / Goal: Express positive feelings about self</p>		<p>Body Image Enhancement Assess feelings about self and body Assist patient to identify actions that will enhance appearance Establish a therapeutic nurse-client relationship Encourage client to express his feelings Be aware of own reaction to client's behavior. Avoid arguing with client Be alert to suicidal ideation/behavior</p>	
	<p>Impaired parenting</p> <p>Related factors: Family conflicts</p> <p>Symptoms / Risk factors: Ill-defined family rules, functions, and roles</p> <p>Outcome / Goal: Recognize and resolve conflict appropriately</p>		<p>Parenting Promotion Identify patterns of interaction Refer to family therapy groups Asses parents understanding and expectations of patients future Encourage and allow expression of feelings by individuals</p>	