

Ineffective denial

Nr.	Nursing Diagnosis	Date	Nursing Intervention/s and tasks	Sign.
	<p>Ineffective denial</p> <p>Related factors:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Change in health status Fear of consequences Lack of motivation <p>Symptoms / Risk factors:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Delays seeking or refuses healthcare attention to the detrim Displaces fear of impact of the condition Displaces source of symptoms to other organs Displays inappropriate affect Does not admit fear of death or invalidism Does not perceive personal relevance of symptoms or danger Makes dismissive gestures or comments when speaking of dis Minimizes symptoms Unable to admit impact of disease on life pattern Uses home remedies (self treatment) to relieve symptoms <p>Outcome / Goal:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The person will use alternative coping mechanism 		<p>Coping Enhancement</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Administer medications as indicated, for example antianxiety agents Appraise the parent's / family understandnig of Down's syndrome Appraise the Parents understandnig of Down's syndrome Appraise the Parents understandnig of Febrile Seizure Appraise the patient's understanding of the disease process Assess current functional capacity (coping, defense mechanisms) Assist parent's / family in providing emotional support. Assist family in providing emotional support. Assist parent's / family/ child in providing emotional support. Assist the parent's and child to clarify misconceptions Assist the parent's to clarify misconceptions Determine client's role in family and how illness has changed the family organi Determine outside stressors, such as family, relationships, and social Determine the understanding of disease process and expectations for the futur Discuss with the patient the perceived effect of diabetes on lifestyle, finances Educate parent's / family about neonatal intensive care unit Encourage parent's to visit neonatal intensive care unit Encourage family involvement, as appropriate Encourage parent's / family involvement, as appropriate Encourage parent's and child involvement, as appropriate Encourage patient and family participation in diabetes self-care regimen Encourage verbalization of feelings, perceptions, and fears Identify available support groups to assist in lifestyle adaptation. Identify community resources, such as local CF organization, support groups Note length and severity of illness Provide opportunity for client to discuss how illness has affected relationships Provide opportunity for parent to discuss how illness has affected relationships Provide uninterrupted sleep or rest periods Refer to social worker, financial adviser, psychiatric clinical nurse specialist 	