

Risk for delayed development

Nr.	Nursing Diagnosis	Date	Nursing Intervention/s and tasks	Sign.
	<p>Risk for delayed development</p> <p>Related factors:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Abuse Brain damage (e.g., hemorrhage in postnatal period, shaken b Chemotherapy Chronic illness Congenital or genetic disorders Foster or adopted child Genetic or endocrine disorders Intraventricular hemorrhage Ischemic brain damage Lack of, late, or poor prenatal care Lead poisoning Maternal age <15 or >35 years Meconium aspiration Mental illness Mental retardation or severe learning disability Poverty Prematurity Radiation therapy <p>Symptoms / Risk factors:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Behavior disorders Failure to thrive, inadequate nutrition Hearing impairment or frequent otitis media Seizures Technology-dependent Vision impairment <p>Outcome / Goal:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Infant demonstrates better synchronous movements Infant is responsive to stimuli 		<p>Developmental Care</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Promote strategies to facilitate infant attachment. Parents may be grieving <p>Developmental Enhancement: Child</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Assist with therapy to treat or correct underlying conditions Check parents understanding of current situation Conduct special activities for the child Identify realistic goals with child and parents Maintain environmental temperatures within _____ Maintain patent airway and provide O2 as needed Monitor color (cyanosis etc) Monitor muscle tone Monitor vital signs - glucose level and PH Position the infant with proper support Promote strategies to facilitate infant / child attachment. Promote strategies to facilitate infant attachment. Parents may be grieving Refer to available community resources as appropriate Teach parents to recognize their infant's cues and behavioral states Work with parents to maintain a structural program for child 	